MAXIM

Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

General Description

The MAX5175/MAX5177 low-power, serial, voltage-output, 12-bit digital-to-analog converters (DACs) feature a precision output amplifier in a space-saving 16-pin QSOP package. The MAX5175 operates from a single +5V supply, and the MAX5177 operates from a single +3V supply. The output amplifier's inverting input is available to allow specific gain configurations, remote sensing, and high output current capability. This makes the MAX5175/MAX5177 ideal for a wide range of applications, including industrial process control. Both devices draw only 260µA of supply current, which reduces to 1µA in shutdown mode. In addition, the programmable power-up reset feature allows for a user-selectable output voltage state of either 0 or midscale.

The 3-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI™, QSPI™, and MICROWIRE™ standards. An input register followed by a DAC register provides a double-buffered input, allowing the registers to be updated independently or simultaneously with a 16-bit serial word. Additional features include software and hardware shutdown, shutdown lockout, a hardware reset pin, and a reference input capable of accepting DC and offset AC signals. These devices provide a programmable digital output pin for added functionality and a serial-data output pin for daisy-chaining. All logic inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible and are internally buffered with Schmitt triggers to allow direct interfacing to optocouplers.

The MAX5175/MAX5177 incorporate a proprietary on-chip circuit that keeps the output voltage virtually "glitch free," limiting the glitches to a few millivolts during power-up.

Both devices come in 16-pin QSOP packages and are specified for the extended (-40°C to +85°C) temperature range. The MAX5171/MAX5173 are 14-bit pin-compatible upgrades to the MAX5175/MAX5177. For pin-compatible DACs with an internal reference, see the 13-bit MAX5132/MAX5133 and 12-bit MAX5122/MAX5123.

Applications

Digitally Programmable 4–20mA Current Loops

Industrial Process Controls

Digital Offset and Gain Adjustment

Motion Control

Automatic Test Equipment (ATE)

Remote Industrial Controls

µP-Controlled Systems

Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc.
MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.
Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

Features

♦ **±1 LSB INL**

♦ **1µA Shutdown Current**

♦ **"Glitch Free" Output Voltage at Power-Up**

♦ **Single-Supply Operation**
    +5V (MAX5175)
    +3V (MAX5177)

♦ **Full-Scale Output Range**
    +2.048V (MAX5177, V_{REF} = +1.25V)
    +4.096V (MAX5175, V_{REF} = +2.5V)

♦ **Rail-to-Rail® Output Amplifier**

♦ **Adjustable Output Offset**

♦ **Low THD (-80dB) in Multiplying Operation**

♦ **SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible 3-Wire Serial Interface**

♦ **Programmable Shutdown Mode and Power-Up Reset (0 or midscale)**

♦ **Buffered Output Capable of Driving 4–20mA or 5kΩ || 100pF Loads**

♦ **User-Programmable Digital Output Pin Allows Serial Control of External Components**

♦ **14-Bit Upgrades Available (MAX5171/MAX5173)**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	INL (LSB)
MAX5175AEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±1
MAX5175BEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±2
MAX5177AEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±2
MAX5177BEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±4

Pin Configuration

TOP VIEW

FB	1		16	V_{DD}
OUT	2		15	N.C.
RS	3	*MAXIM*	14	REF
$\overline{PDL}$	4	MAX5175	13	AGND
$\overline{CLR}$	5	MAX5177	12	SHDN
$\overline{CS}$	6		11	UPO
DIN	7		10	DOUT
SCLK	8		9	DGND

QSOP

MAXIM
_____ **Maxim Integrated Products   1**
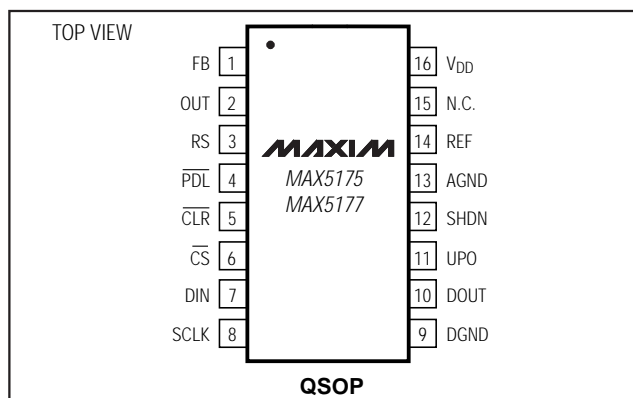
Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{DD} to AGND, DGND ....-0.3V to +6V
AGND to DGND ....-0.3V to +0.3V
Digital Inputs to DGND ....-0.3V to +6V
DOUT, UPO to DGND ....-0.3V to (V_{DD} + 0.3V)
FB, OUT REF to AGND ....-0.3V to (V_{DD} + 0.3V)
Maximum Current into Any Pin 50mA

Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
  16-Pin QSOP (derate 8mW/°C above +70°C) 667mW
Operating Temperature Range ....-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range ....-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) ....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5175

(V_{DD} = +5V ±10%, V_{REF} = 2.5V, AGND = DGND, FB = OUT, R_L = 5kΩ, C_L = 100pF referenced to ground, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
STATIC PERFORMANCE						
Resolution			12			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 1)	INL	MAX5175A			±1	LSB
		MAX5175B			±2	
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL				±1	LSB
Offset Error (Note 2)	V_{OS}				±10	mV
Gain Error	GE	R_L = ∞		-0.6	±4	LSB
		R_L = 5kΩ		-1.6	±8	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR			10	120	µV/V
Output Noise Voltage		f = 100kHz		1		LSBp-p
Output Thermal Noise Density				50		nV/√Hz
REFERENCE INPUT						
Reference Input Range	V_{REF}		0		V_{DD} - 1.4	V
Reference Input Resistance	R_{REF}		18			kΩ
MULTIPLYING-MODE PERFORMANCE						
Reference -3dB Bandwidth		V_{REF} = 0.5Vp-p + 2.5V_{DC}, slew-rate limited		350		kHz
Reference Feedthrough		V_{REF} = 3.6Vp-p + 1.8V_{DC}, f = 1kHz, code = all 0s		-84		dB
Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio	SINAD	V_{REF} = 1.4Vp-p + 2.5V_{DC}, f = 10kHz, code = FFF hex		84		dB
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}		3			V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	V_{HYS}			200		mV
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 or V_{DD}		0.001	±1	µA
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}			8		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUTS						
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	I_{SOURCE} = 2mA	V_{DD} - 0.5			V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	I_{SINK} = 2mA		0.13	0.4	V

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5175 (continued)

(V_{DD} = +5V ±10%, V_{REF} = 2.5V, AGND = DGND, FB = OUT, R_L = 5kΩ, C_L = 100pF referenced to ground, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Output Slew Rate	SR			0.6		V/µs
Output Settling Time		To ±0.5LSB, from 10mV to full-scale		12		µs
Output Voltage Swing (Note 3)			0		V_{DD}	V
Current into FB			-0.1	0	0.1	µA
Time Required to Exit Shutdown				40		µs
Digital Feedthrough		$\overline{CS}$ = V_{DD}; f_{SCLK} = 100kHz, V_{SCLK} = 5Vp-p		1		nV-s
POWER SUPPLIES						
Positive Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		4.5		5.5	V
Power-Supply Current (Note 4)	I_{DD}			0.26	0.35	mA
Shutdown Current (Note 4)				1	10	µA
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS						
SCLK Clock Period	t_{CP}		100			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	t_{CH}		40			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	t_{CL}		40			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	t_{CSS}		40			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Rise Hold Time	t_{CSH}		0			ns
SDI Setup Time	t_{DS}		40			ns
SDI Hold Time	t_{DH}		0			ns
SCLK Rise to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t_{DO1}	C_{LOAD} = 200pF			80	ns
SCLK Fall to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t_{DO2}	C_{LOAD} = 200pF			80	ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Fall Delay	t_{CS0}		10			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Rise to SCLK Rise Hold Time	t_{CS1}		40			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Pulse Width High	t_{CSW}		100			ns

Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5177

(V_{DD} = +2.7V to +3.6V, V_{REF} = 1.25V, AGND = DGND, FB = OUT, R_L = 5kΩ, C_L = 100pF referenced to ground, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
STATIC PERFORMANCE						
Resolution			12			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 5)	INL	MAX5177A			±2	LSB
		MAX5177B			±4	
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL				±1	LSB
Offset Error (Note 2)	V_{OS}				±10	mV
Gain Error	GE	R_L = ∞		-0.6	±4	LSB
		R_L = 5kΩ		-1.6	±8	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR			10	120	µV/V
Output Noise Voltage		f = 100kHz		2		LSBp-p
Output Thermal Noise Density				50		nV/√Hz
REFERENCE						
Reference Input Range	V_{REF}		0		V_{DD} - 1.4	V
Reference Input Resistance	R_{REF}		18			kΩ
MULTIPLYING-MODE PERFORMANCE						
Reference -3dB Bandwidth		V_{REF} = 0.5Vp-p + 1.25V_{DC}, slew-rate limited		350		kHz
Reference Feedthrough		V_{REF} = 1.6Vp-p + 0.8V_{DC}, f = 1kHz, code = all 0s		-84		dB
Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio	SINAD	V_{REF} = 0.9Vp-p + 1.25V_{DC}, f = 10kHz, code = FFF hex		78		dB
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}		2.2			V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	V_{HYS}			200		mV
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 or V_{DD}		0.001	±1	µA
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}			8		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUTS						
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	I_{SOURCE} = 2mA	V_{DD} - 0.5			V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	I_{SINK} = 2mA		0.13	0.4	V

MAXIM

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5177 (continued)

(V_{DD} = +2.7V to +3.6V, V_{REF} = 1.25V, AGND = DGND, FB = OUT, R_L = 5kΩ, C_L = 100pF referenced to ground, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Output Slew Rate	SR			0.6		V/µs
Output Settling Time		To ±0.5LSB, from 10mV to full-scale		12		µs
Output Voltage Swing (Note 3)			0		V_{DD}	V
Current into FB			-0.1	0	0.1	µA
Time Required to Exit Shutdown				40		µs
Digital Feedthrough		$\overline{CS}$ = V_{DD}, DIN = 50kHz, f_{SCLK} = 100kHz, V_{SCLK} = 3Vp-p		1		nV-s
POWER SUPPLIES						
Positive Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		2.7		3.6	V
Power-Supply Current (Note 4)	I_{DD}			0.26	0.35	mA
Shutdown Current (Note 4)				1	10	µA
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS						
SCLK Clock Period	t_{CP}		150			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	t_{CH}		75			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	t_{CL}		75			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	t_{CSS}		60			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Rise Hold Time	t_{CSH}		0			ns
SDI Setup Time	t_{DS}		60			ns
SDI Hold Time	t_{DH}		0			ns
SCLK Rise to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t_{DO1}	C_{LOAD} = 200pF			200	ns
SCLK Fall to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t_{DO2}	C_{LOAD} = 200pF			200	ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Fall Delay	t_{CS0}		10			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Rise to SCLK Rise Hold Time	t_{CS1}		75			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Pulse Width High	t_{CSW}		150			ns

Note 1: INL guaranteed between codes 16 and 4095.
Note 2: Offset is measured at the code that comes closest to 10mV.
Note 3: Accuracy is better than 1LSB for V_{OUT} = 10mV to V_{DD} - 180mV. Guaranteed by PSR test on end points.
Note 4: R_L = open and digital inputs are either V_{DD} or DGND.
Note 5: INL guaranteed between codes 32 and 4095.

Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

(MAX5175: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5177: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, FB = OUT, code = FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

MAX5175

NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE
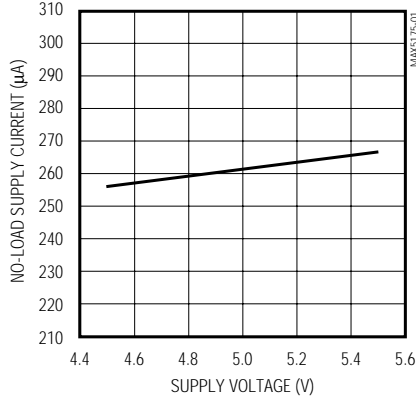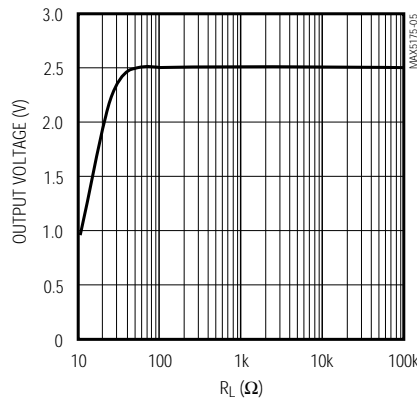
NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE
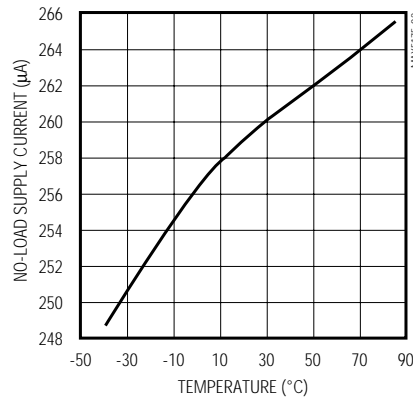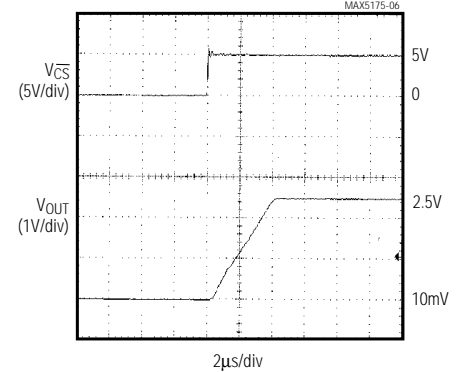
SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE
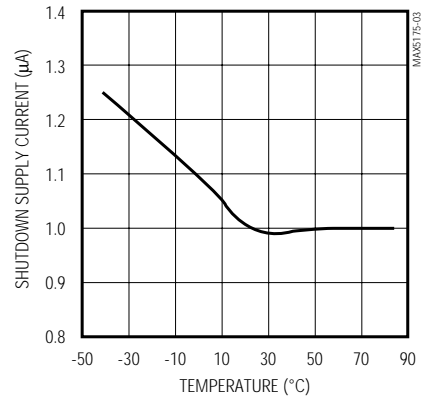
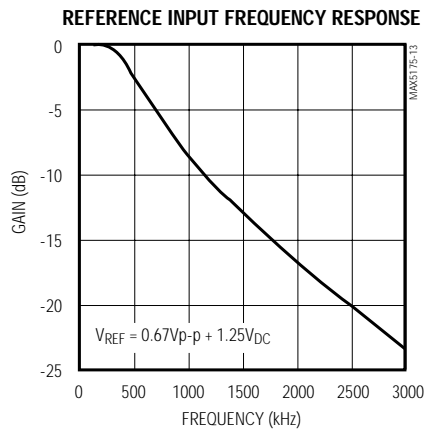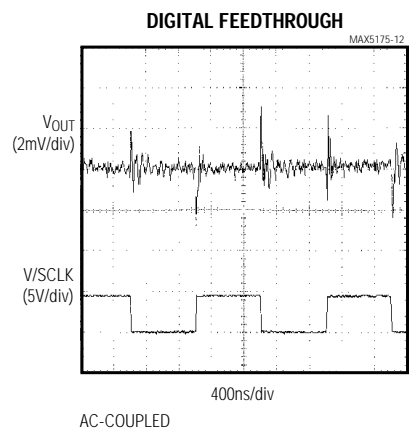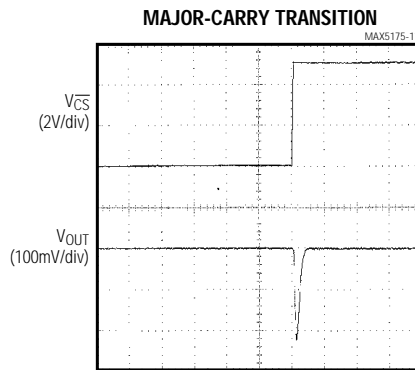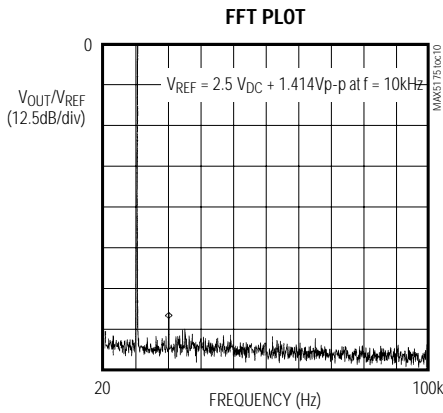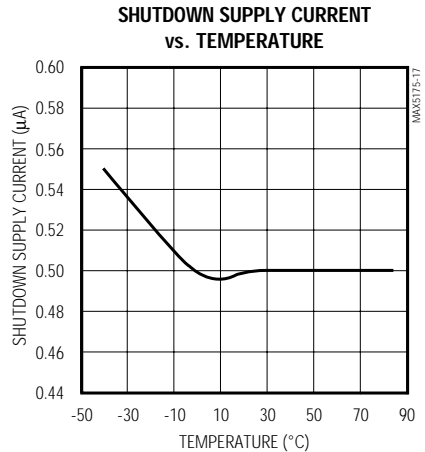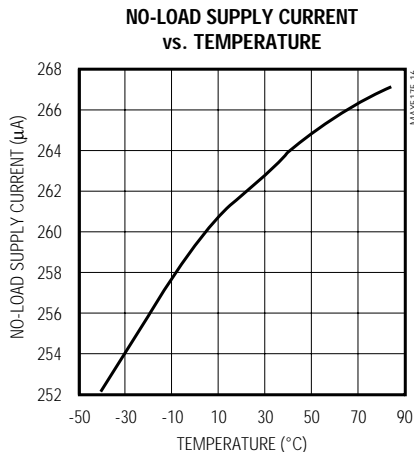### OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE
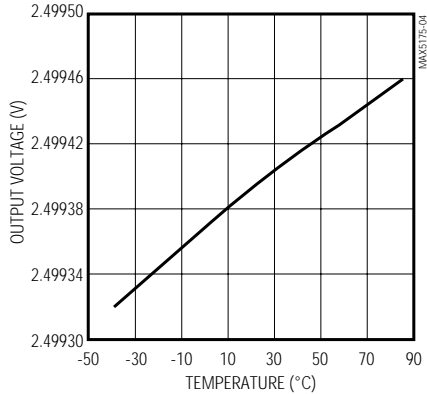
OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. LOAD RESISTANCE

DYNAMIC RESPONSE

DYNAMIC RESPONSE

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY

REFERENCE FEEDTHROUGH

V_{REF} = 1.8V_{DC} + 3.6Vp-p at f = 1kHz
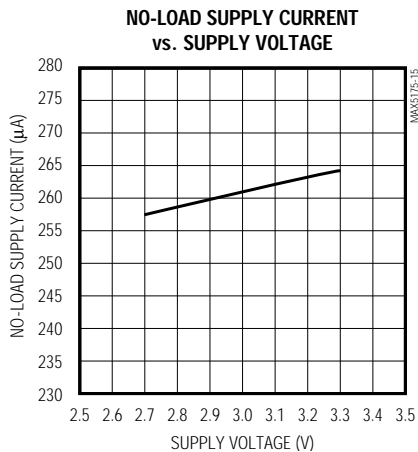
6   _____   **MAXIM**

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX5175: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5177: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, FB = OUT, code = FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)
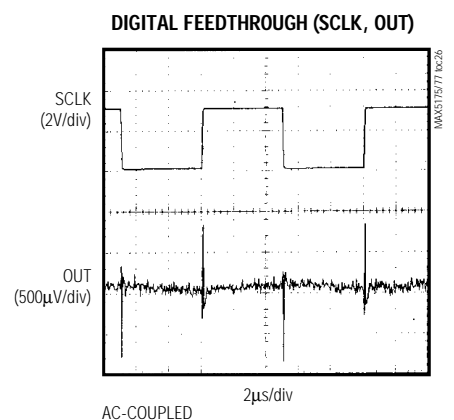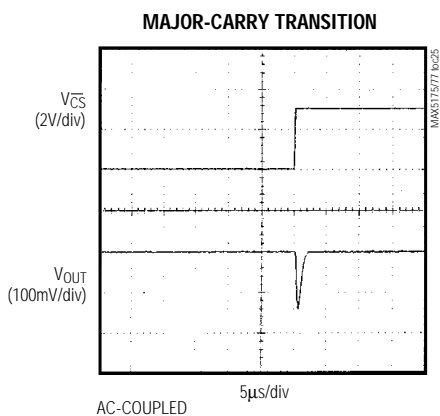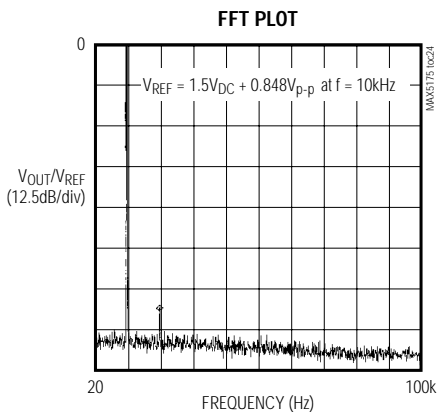
MAX5175

FFT PLOT

V_{OUT}/V_{REF}
(12.5dB/div)

V_{REF} = 2.5 V_{DC} + 1.414Vp-p at f = 10kHz

20   FREQUENCY (Hz)   100k

MAJOR-CARRY TRANSITION

$V_{\overline{CS}}$
(2V/div)

V_{OUT}
(100mV/div)

DIGITAL FEEDTHROUGH

V_{OUT}
(2mV/div)

V/SCLK
(5V/div)

400ns/div

AC-COUPLED

REFERENCE INPUT FREQUENCY RESPONSE

GAIN (dB)

V_{REF} = 0.67Vp-p + 1.25V_{DC}

0   500   1000   1500   2000   2500   3000
FREQUENCY (kHz)

START-UP GLITCH

V_{DD}
(1V/div)

V_{OUT}
(10mV/div)

50ms/div

AC-COUPLED

MAX5177

**NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT
vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT (µA)

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5
SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

**NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT
vs. TEMPERATURE**

NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT (µA)

-50 -30 -10 10 30 50 70 90
TEMPERATURE (°C)

**SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT
vs. TEMPERATURE**

SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT (µA)

-50 -30 -10 10 30 50 70 90
TEMPERATURE (°C)

MAX5175/MAX5177

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX5175: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5177: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, FB = OUT, code = FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)
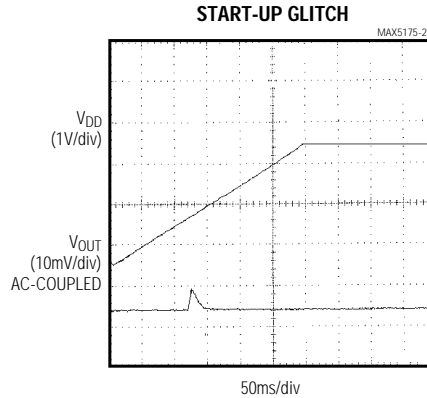
MAX5177

OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. RESISTANCE LOAD

DYNAMIC RESPONSE

DYNAMIC RESPONSE

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY

REFERENCE FEEDTHROUGH

V_{REF} = 0.8V_{DC} + 1.6V_{p-p} at f = 1kHz

FFT PLOT

V_{REF} = 1.5V_{DC} + 0.848V_{p-p} at f = 10kHz

MAJOR-CARRY TRANSITION

AC-COUPLED

DIGITAL FEEDTHROUGH (SCLK, OUT)

AC-COUPLED

MAXIM

_____ *Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)*

(MAX5175: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5177: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, FB = OUT, code = FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

MAX5177

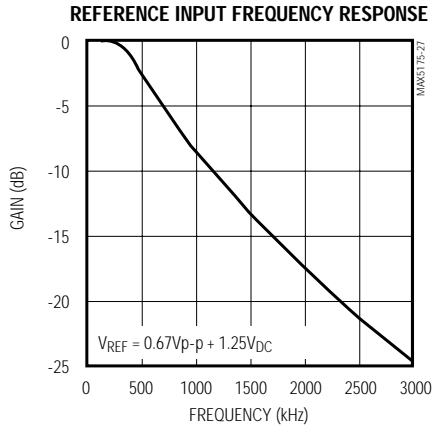REFERENCE INPUT FREQUENCY RESPONSE

V_{REF} = 0.67Vp-p + 1.25V_{DC}

START-UP GLITCH

_____ *Pin Description*

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	FB	Feedback Input
2	OUT	Voltage Output. High impedance in shutdown. Output voltage is limited to V_{DD}.
3	RS	Reset Mode Select (digital input). Connect to V_{DD} to select midscale reset output value. Connect to DGND to select 0 reset output value.
4	$\overline{PDL}$	Power-Down Lockout (digital input). Connect to V_{DD} to allow shutdown. Connect to DGND to disable shut-down.
5	$\overline{CLR}$	Clear DAC (digital input). Clears the DAC to its predetermined output state as set by RS.
6	$\overline{CS}$	Chip-Select Input (digital input). DIN is ignored when $\overline{CS}$ is high.
7	DIN	Serial-Data Input (digital input). Data is clocked in on the rising edge of SCLK.
8	SCLK	Serial Clock Input (digital input)
9	DGND	Digital Ground
10	DOUT	Serial-Data Output
11	UPO	User-Programmable Output. State is set by the serial input.
12	SHDN	Shutdown (digital input). Pulling SHDN high when $\overline{PDL}$ = V_{DD} places the chip in shutdown with a maximum shutdown current of 10µA.
13	AGND	Analog Ground
14	REF	Reference Input. Maximum V_{REF} is V_{DD} - 1.4V.
15	N.C.	No Connect
16	V_{DD}	Positive Supply. Bypass to AGND with a 4.7µF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF capacitor.

MAXIM

MAX5175/MAX5177

Detailed Description

The MAX5175/MAX5177 12-bit, serial, voltage-output DACs operate with a 3-wire serial interface. These devices include a 16-bit shift register and a double-buffered input composed of an input register and a DAC register (see *Functional Diagram*). In addition, the negative terminal of the output amplifier is available. The DACs are designed with an inverted R-2R ladder network (Figure 1) that produces a weighted voltage proportional to the reference voltage.

Reference Inputs

The reference input accepts both AC and DC values with a voltage range extending from 0 to V_{DD} - 1.4V. The following equation represents the resulting output voltage:

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{REF} \cdot N \cdot GAIN}{4096}$$

where N is the numeric value of the DAC's binary input code (0 to 4095), V_{REF} is the reference voltage, and Gain is the externally set voltage gain. The maximum output voltage is V_{DD}. The reference pin has a minimum impedance of 18kΩ and is code dependent.

Output Amplifier

The MAX5175/MAX5177's DAC output is internally buffered by a precision amplifier with a typical slew rate of 0.6V/µs. Access to the output amplifier's inverting input provides flexibility in output gain setting and signal conditioning (see *Applications Information*).

The output amplifier settles to ±0.5LSB from a full-scale transition within 12µs, when loaded with 5kΩ in parallel with 100pF. Loads less than 2kΩ degrade performance.

Shutdown Mode

The MAX5175/MAX5177 feature a software- and hardware-programmable shutdown mode that reduces the typical supply current to 1µA. Enter shutdown by writing the appropriate input-control word as shown in Table 1 or by using the hardware shutdown function. In shutdown mode, the reference input and the amplifier output become high impedance and the serial interface remains active. Data in the input register is saved, allowing the MAX5175/MAX5177 to recall the prior output state when returning to normal operation. Exit shutdown by reloading the DAC register from the shift register, by simultaneously loading the input and DAC registers, or by toggling $\overline{PDL}$. When returning from shutdown, wait 40µs for the output to settle.
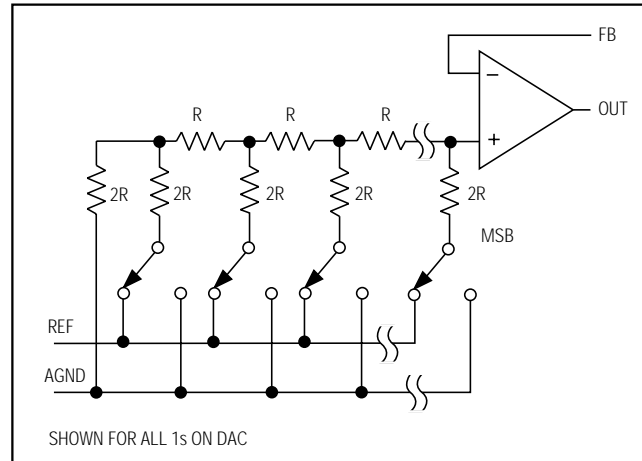

Figure 1. Simplified DAC Circuit Diagram

Power-Down Lockout

Power-down lockout disables the software/hardware shutdown mode. A high-to-low transition on $\overline{PDL}$ brings the device out of shutdown, returning the output to its previous state.

Shutdown

Pulling SHDN high while $\overline{PDL}$ is high places the MAX5175/MAX5177 in shutdown. Pulling SHDN low does not take the device out of shutdown. A high-to-low transition on $\overline{PDL}$ or an appropriate command from the serial data line (see Table 1 for commands) is required to exit shutdown.

Serial Interface

The 3-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI, QSPI (Figure 2), and MICROWIRE (Figure 3) interface standards. The 16-bit serial input word consists of two control bits, 12 bits of data (MSB to LSB), and two sub-bits.

The control bits determine the MAX5175/MAX5177's response as outlined in Table 1. The digital inputs are double buffered, which allows any of the following:

• Loading the input register without updating the DAC register

• Updating the DAC register from the input register

• Updating the input and DAC registers simultaneously.

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Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

The MAX5175/MAX5177 accept one 16-bit packet or two 8-bit packets sent while $\overline{CS}$ remains low. The devices allow the following to be configured:

- Clock edge on which serial data output (DOUT) is clocked out
- State of the user-programmable logic output
- Reset state.

Specific commands for setting these are shown in Table 1.

The general timing diagram in Figure 4 illustrates how the MAX5175/MAX5177 acquire data. $\overline{CS}$ must go low at least t_{CSS} before the rising edge of the serial clock (SCLK). With $\overline{CS}$ low, data is clocked into the register on the rising edge of SCLK. The maximum serial clock frequency guaranteed for proper operation is 10MHz for the MAX5175 and 6MHz for the MAX5177. See Figure 5 for a detailed timing diagram of the serial interface.

Table 1. Serial-Interface Programming Commands

| 16-BIT SERIAL WORD				FUNCTION
C1	C0	D11.................D0	S1, S0	
0	0	12-bit DAC data	00	Load input register; DAC registers are unchanged.
0	1	12-bit DAC data	00	Load input register; DAC registers are updated (start up DAC with new data).
1	0	xxxx xxxx xxxx	xx	Update DAC register from input register (start up DAC with data previously stored in the input registers).
1	1	0 0 x x xxxx xxxx	xx	No operation (NOP).
1	1	0 1 x x xxxx xxxx	xx	Shut down DAC (provided $\overline{PDL}$ = 1).
1	1	1 0 0 x xxxx xxxx	xx	UPO goes low (default).
1	1	1 0 1 x xxxx xxxx	xx	UPO goes high.
1	1	1 1 0 x xxxx xxxx	xx	Mode 1, DOUT clocked out on SCLK's rising edge.
1	1	1 1 1 x xxxx xxxx	xx	Mode 0, DOUT clocked out on SCLK's falling edge (default).
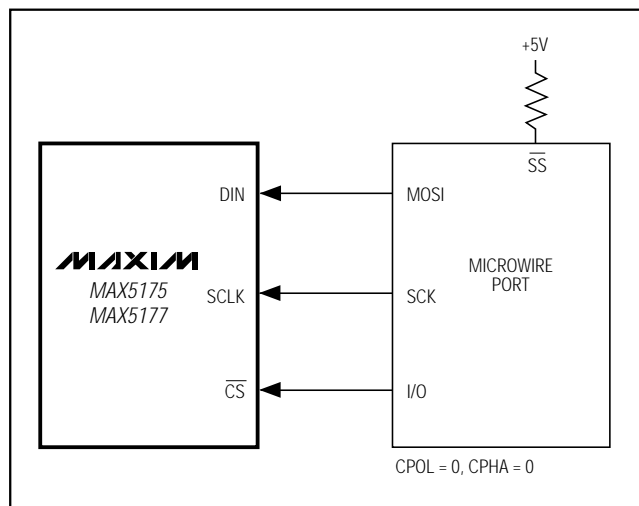
Figure 2. Connections for SPI/QSPI Standards
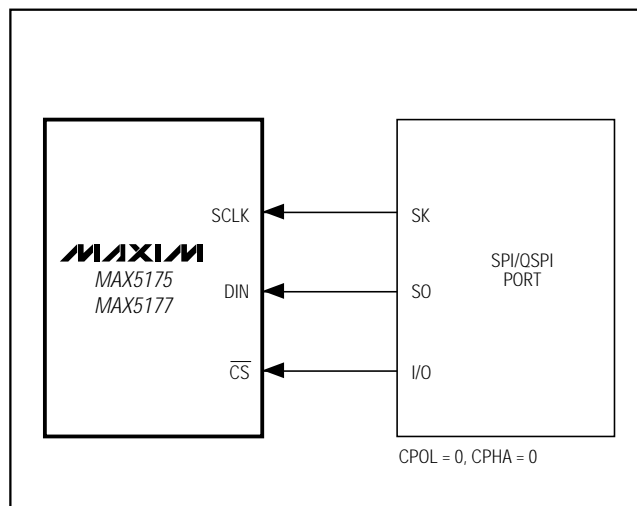
Figure 3. Connections for MICROWIRE
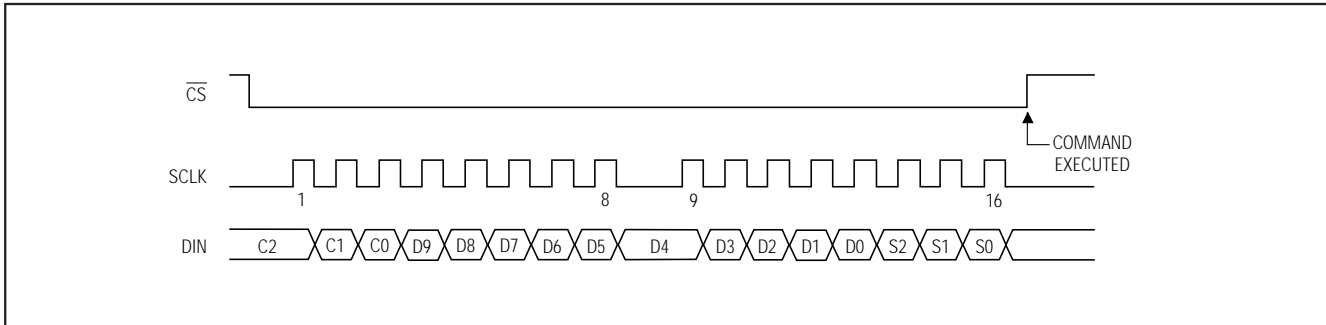
MAX5175/MAX5177
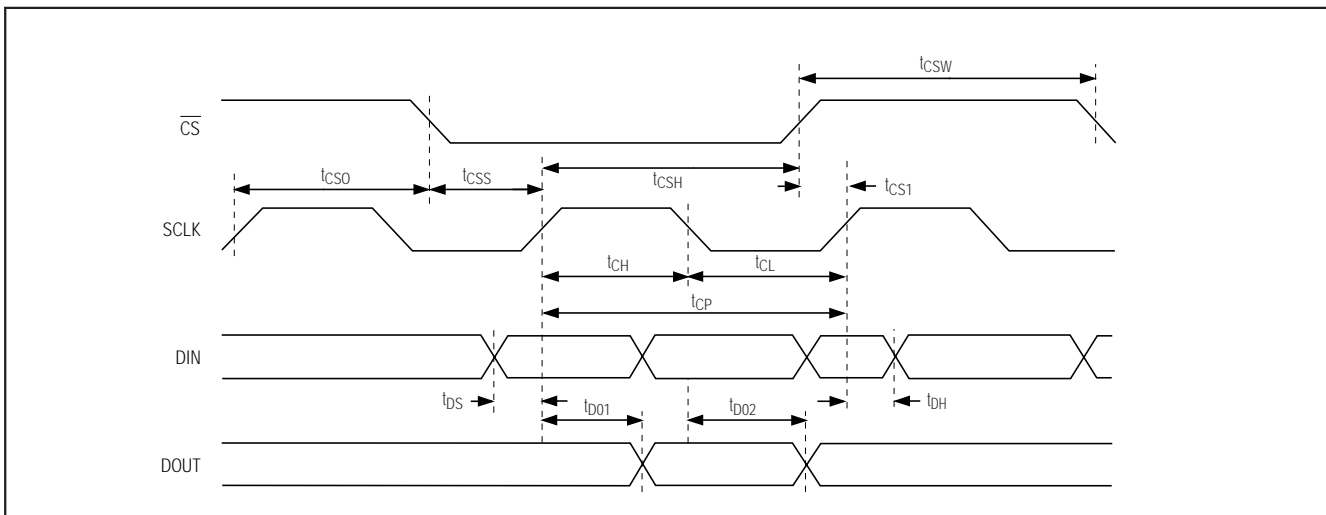

Figure 4. Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

Figure 5. Detailed Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

Serial-Data Output (DOUT)

The serial-data output (DOUT) is the internal shift register's output and allows for daisy-chaining of multiple devices as well as data readback (see *Applications Information*). By default upon start-up, data shifts out of DOUT on the serial clock's rising edge (Mode 0) and provides a lag of 16 clock cycles, thus maintaining SPI, QSPI, and MICROWIRE compatibility. However, if the device is programmed for Mode 1, then the output data lags DIN by 16.5 clock cycles and is clocked out on the serial clock's rising edge. During shutdown, DOUT retains its last digital state prior to shutdown.

User-Programmable Logic Output (UPO)

The UPO allows control of an external device through the serial interface, thereby reducing the number of microcontroller I/O pins required. During power-down, this output will retain its digital state prior to shutdown.

When $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ is pulled low, UPO will reset to its programmed default state. See Table 1 for specific commands to control the UPO.

Reset (RS) and Clear ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$)

The MAX5175/MAX5177 offers a clear pin ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$) which resets the output voltage. If RST = DGND, then $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ resets the output voltage to the minimum voltage (0 if no offset is introduced). If RST = V_{DD}, then $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ resets the output voltage to midscale. In either case, $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ will reset UPO to its programmed default state.

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_____ Applications Information

Unipolar Output

Figure 6 shows the MAX5175/MAX5177 configured for unipolar, rail-to-rail operation with a gain of +2V/V. Table 2 lists the codes for unipolar output voltages. The output voltage is limited to V_{DD}.

Bipolar Output

Figure 7 shows the MAX5175/MAX5177 configured for bipolar output operation. The output voltage is given by the following equation (FB = OUT):

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(\frac{2N}{4096} - 1 \right)$$

where N represents the numeric value of the DAC's binary input code and V_{REF} is the voltage of the external reference. Table 3 shows digital codes and the corresponding output voltage for Figure 7's circuit.

Daisy-Chaining Devices

The serial data output pin (DOUT) allows multiple MAX5175/MAX5177s to be daisy-chained together as shown in Figure 8. The advantage of this is that only two lines are needed to control all of the DACs on the line. The disadvantage is that it takes *n* commands to program the DACs. Figure 9 shows several MAX5175/MAX5177s sharing one common DIN signal line. In this configuration the data bus is common to all devices; however, more I/O lines are required because each device needs a dedicated $\overline{CS}$ line. The advantage of this configuration is that only one command is needed to program any DAC.
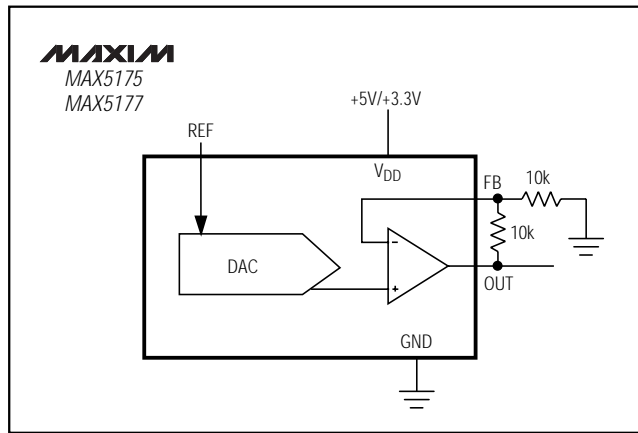

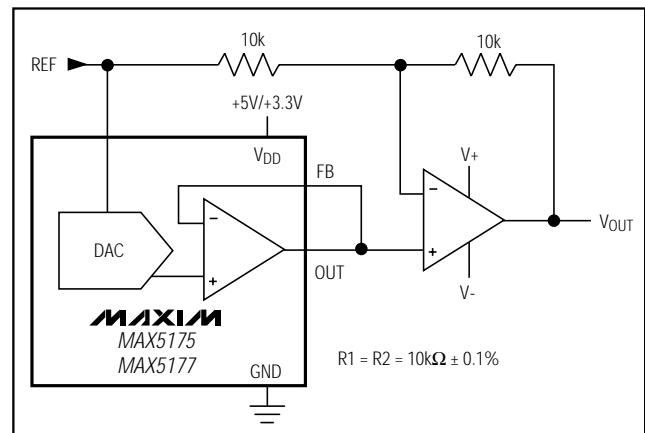Figure 6. Unipolar Output Circuit (Rail-to-Rail)

Figure 7. Bipolar Output Circuit

Table 2. Unipolar Code Table (Circuit of Figure 6)

DAC CONTENTS MSB LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
11 1111 1111 11 (00)	$2 \cdot V_{REF}$ (4095/4096)
10 0000 0000 01 (00)	$2 \cdot V_{REF}$ (2049/4096)
10 0000 0000 00 (00)	$2 \cdot V_{REF}$ (2048/4096)
01 1111 1111 11 (00)	$2 \cdot V_{REF}$ (2047/4096)
00 0000 0000 01 (00)	$2 \cdot V_{REF}$ (1/4096)
00 0000 0000 00 (00)	0

Table 3. Bipolar Code Table (Circuit of Figure 7)

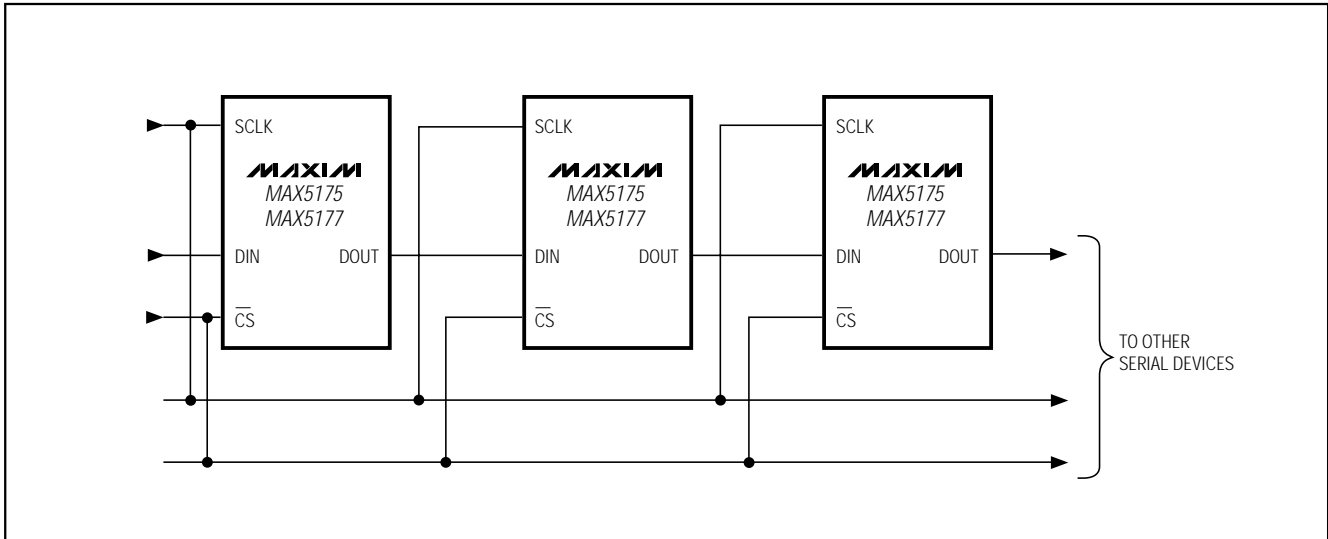| DAC CONTENTS MSB LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
11 1111 1111 11 (00)	$+V_{REF}$ [(2 · 4095/4096) - 1]
10 0000 0000 01 (00)	$+V_{REF}$ [(2 · 2049/4096) - 1]
10 0000 0000 00 (00)	$+V_{REF}$ [(2 · 2048/4096) - 1]
01 1111 1111 11 (00)	$+V_{REF}$ [(2 · 2047/4096) - 1]
00 0000 0000 01 (00)	$+V_{REF}$ [(2 · 1/4096) - 1]
00 0000 0000 00 (00)	$-V_{REF}$

Figure 8. Daisy-Chaining MAX5175/MAX5177s
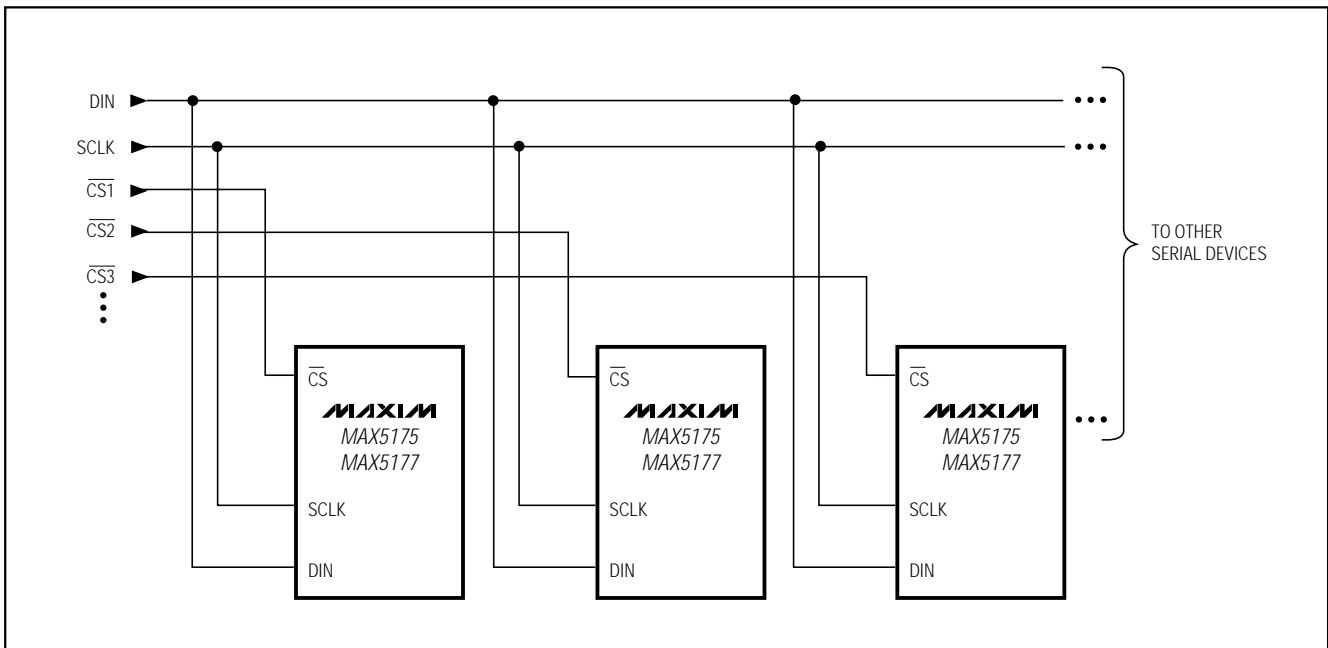
Figure 9. Multiple MAX5175/MAX5177s Sharing Common DIN and SCLK Lines

Using an AC Reference

The MAX5175/MAX5177 accept reference voltages containing AC components, as long as the reference voltage remains between 0 and V_{DD} - 1.4V. Figure 10 shows a technique for applying a sine-wave signal to REF. The reference voltage must remain above AGND.

Digitally Programmable Current Source

The circuit of Figure 11 places an NPN transistor (2N3904 or similar) within the op amp feedback loop to implement a digitally programmable, unidirectional current source. The output current is calculated with the following equation:

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V_{REF} \cdot N}{R \cdot 4096}$$

where N is the numeric value of the DAC's binary input code and R is the sense resistor shown in Figure 11.

Power-Supply and Layout Considerations

Wire-wrap boards are not recommended. For optimum system performance, use printed circuit boards with separate analog and digital ground planes. Connect the two ground planes together at the low-impedance power-supply source. Connect DGND and AGND pins together at the IC. The best ground connection is achieved by connecting the DAC's DGND and AGND pins together and connecting that point to the system analog ground plane. If the DAC's DGND is connected to the system digital ground, digital noise may infiltrate the DAC's analog portion.

Bypass the power supply with a 4.7µF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF capacitor to AGND. Minimize capacitor lead lengths to reduce inductance. If noise becomes an issue, use shielding and/or ferrite beads to increase isolation.

In order to maintain INL and DNL performance, as well as gain drift, it is extremely important to provide the lowest possible reference output impedance at the DAC reference input pin. INL degrades if the series resistance on the REF pin exceeds 0.1Ω. The same consideration must be made for the AGND pin.
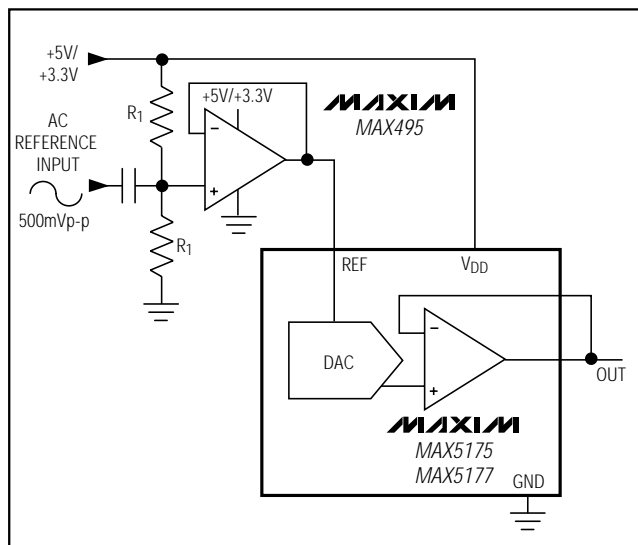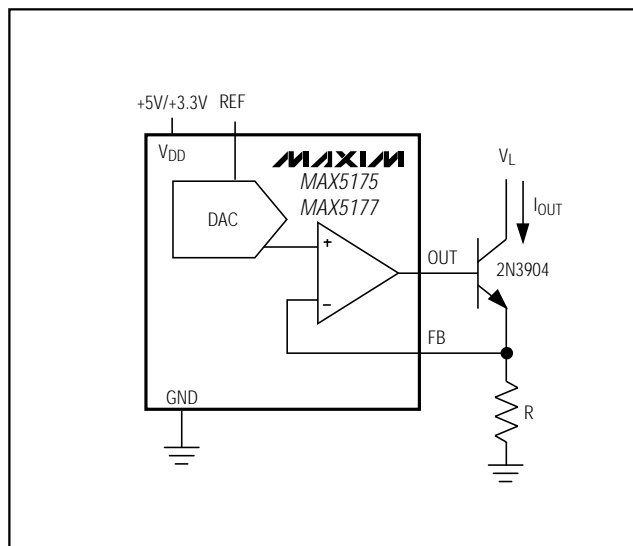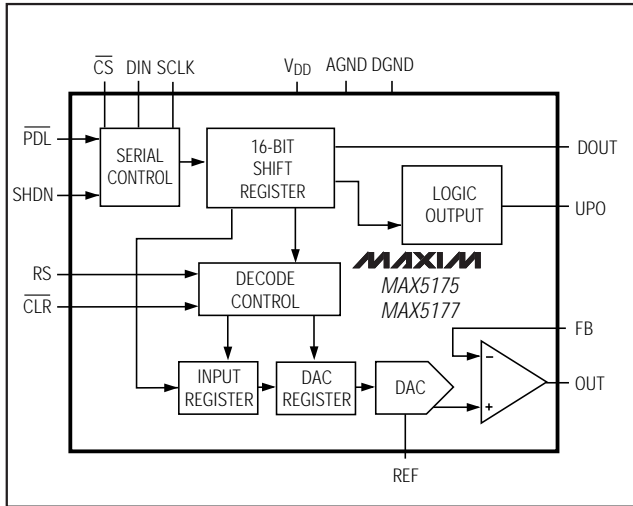

Figure 10. AC Reference Input Circuit

Figure 11. Digitally Programmable Current Source

Low-Power, Serial, 12-Bit DACs with Force/Sense Voltage Output

Functional Diagram

MAX5175
MAX5177

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3457

Package Information

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.061	.068	1.55	1.73
A1	.004	.0098	0.102	0.249
A2	.055	.061	1.40	1.55
B	.008	.012	0.20	0.31
C	.0075	.0098	0.191	0.249
D	SEE VARIATIONS			
E	.150	.157	3.81	3.99
e	.025 BSC		0.635 BSC	
H	.230	.244	5.84	6.20
h	.010	.016	0.25	0.41
L	.016	.035	0.41	0.89
N	SEE VARIATIONS			
X	SEE VARIATIONS			
Y	.071	.087	1.803	2.209
α	0°	8°	0°	8°

VARIATIONS:

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	N
D	.189	.196	4.80	4.98	16 AA
S	.0020	.0070	0.05	0.18	
X	.107	.123	2.72	3.12	
D	.337	.344	8.56	8.74	20 AB
S	.0500	.0550	1.270	1.397	
D	.337	.344	8.56	8.74	24 AC
S	.0250	.0300	0.635	0.762	
D	.386	.393	9.80	9.98	28 AD
S	.0250	.0300	0.635	0.762	
X	.271	.287	6.88	7.29	

NOTES:
1. D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .006" PER SIDE.
3. HEAT SLUG DIMENSIONS X AND Y APPLY ONLY TO 16 AND 28 LEAD POWER-QSOP PACKAGES.
4. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: INCHES.

/M/AXI/M

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

TITLE:
PACKAGE OUTLINE, QSOP, .150", .025" LEAD PITCH

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV	1/1
	21-0055	B	

QSOP.EPS